

NEW LABOR ORGANIZATION IS FORMED IN WARREN DIST.

Bisbee Industrial Association, Having for Its Object Counter-acting of Advent of Western Federation of Miners Into Camp, Holds Meeting, Elects Officers and Issues To Adherents Cards of Membership—Resolution Adopted Terms Federation's Principles As Being Un-American.

Subject of New Organization Is Set Forth As Being To Maintain Conditions Under Which Mines of District Have Been Operated for Years Past Without Any Labor Troubles—Members Will Not State Who Officers of New Organization Are.

An organization having for its purpose the re-establishment of conditions as they obtained prior to the advent of the Western Federation of Miners, and composed entirely of miners, has been formed in this city. Officers have been elected, and the organization started out yesterday with a heavy roll of membership. For the greater part of yesterday afternoon the officers were busy with the signing of cards and delivery of them to miners who wished to become members. Each member is required to sign what is termed a set of resolutions, in which are set forth the purposes of the association.

The name adopted is Bisbee Industrial Association. No permanent headquarters have as yet been chosen, but it is understood that a movement is on foot to secure quarters where regular meetings may be held, and such business as properly comes before the association transacted.

The main object, as set forth in the platform of the Industrial Association, is "To protect the best interests of citizens of this community." Behind this, however, it is stated on the best of authority that the real object is to offset the threat of the Western Federation that all men who work in the mines in Bisbee and who do not become members of that organization are to be branded as "scabs" throughout the Federation jurisdiction.

One of the men prominently identified with the Industrial Association stated yesterday that the movement is taken by the miners of their own free will and accord, and that the committee, who started the idea, are not connected with the movement.

law taxing the mines. The governor opposes it, and until a day or two ago it was believed the fight would result in no legislation. It seems now that the Doran bill has gained much prestige. Whether better than the governor's plan or not, it will materially increase territorial revenues.

COMPANIES QUITTING THE COAST

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—Much apprehension is felt by local business men on account of the difficulty of procuring insurance. Several companies have withdrawn from the Pacific Coast, others are said to be closing up their affairs in the city, and the remaining companies refuse to write risks beyond a certain limit. The Federal Insurance Company of New Jersey and the Insurance Company of America have reinsured in the National of Hartford and have ceased doing business on the Pacific Coast. The Scottish Union has ordered the local offices closed and agents on the Pacific Coast have been directed to report to the United States branch offices in Hartford. Drastic legislation and grafting bills are the cause.

SUES HANNA FOR DIVORCE.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 5.—Suit for divorce was filed today by Elizabeth Gordon Hanna, wife of Dan R. Hanna, the only son of the late Senator Hanna.

Hanna is accused of gross neglect of duty and cruelty.

Dan Hanna's first marriage was to May Harrington. She obtained a divorce in 1898, and has since remarried. Hanna's present wife has resided in New York since early last fall. She is the daughter of the late Charles W. Gordon, a millionaire.

RYAN WILL FIGHT GANS.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 5.—Tommy Ryan, who last night fought Hugo Kelly at Rochester, said today that he would accept the offer of the Tonopah Athletic Club to fight Joe Gans for a purse of \$50,000 on Labor Day and will go in training as soon as the articles are signed.

CITY COUNCIL IN REGULAR SESSION

Usual Claims Against the City Are Taken Up and Disposed of—Various Committees and Departments Report.

Heated Discussion Is Precipitated By Petition Presented By Residents of Tombstone Canyon Regarding Laundry.

The regular monthly meeting of the city council was held last evening at the city hall, but outside of the regular routine business which is usually transacted at the monthly meeting, there was very little done. There were several long discussions on various topics, one being the new charter law, another the matter of furnishing some means to carry off the water from the Warren laundry, and still another in regard to a proposed ordinance to govern the city's fire department. In regard to the first matter the city attorney was instructed to go to Phoenix and use his best endeavors to have the law passed; a committee will investigate conditions surrounding

torney of Douglas, and of the cities in the territory to secure its passage. The measure as it was introduced in the branches of the legislatures embodies the ideas put forward by the various cities of the territory, which have felt the inefficiency of the present law. This being the case, the support of all sections is assured, and there does not seem to be any doubt but that the legislature will enact the bill into law.

The next matter of business before the council was the reading of a petition signed by residents of Tombstone Canyon, complaining of the waste water which flows from the Warren Laundry, and which the petition stated according to the opinion of a prominent local physician had been the cause of several cases of disease.

Thomas Grady, proprietor of the laundry, secured the floor at the conclusion of the reading of the petition, and in a forcible manner attacked the petition, claiming that the water was not the cause of disease, and that the petition had been signed by people who did not live in the vicinity of the laundry.

J. C. Kreighbaum, a signer of the petition, replied to Grady, stating that although he had the kindest of feelings for Grady, still he and others had stood for what they claim is a menace to health for four years, and felt now that they owed it to themselves and their families to protest. He stated that Grady had made a mistake in saying that the signers of the petition did not live in the vicinity of the laundry, because they were the nearest residents to it, excepting employees of Grady, who had not been asked to sign.

The discussion finally resulted in the referring of the matter to a committee appointed by Mayor Caven, and consisting of the board of health, the city physician and the city engineer to devise ways and means of abating the nuisance, if it were found to be such.

Fire Chief Henkel then presented to the council an ordinance which had been drafted, taking as a model the rules and regulations governing the fire department of large cities through-

(Continued on Page Eight.)

JEROME IS AGAIN REBUKED FOR OFFENSIVE CONDUCT

Justice Fitzgerald Asks Prosecutor to Submit Authorities On Point of Law, But District Attorney Replies In Insolent Manner, Which Is Construed By Court to Effect That State's Attorney Has No Basis for Contention—Prosecutor Is Also Discourteous to Delmas.

Entire Day Is Taken Up With Cross-Examination of Dr. Wagner, One of Defense's Alienists—Will Probably Be Continued Through Today—Mother of Defendant Will Be Called to Stand on Thursday Morning—Jerome Thinks Thaw Insane.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Interest in today's session of the trial of Thaw was dulled by the continued cross-examination of Dr. Charles G. Wagner. He was on the stand all day, and when adjournment was announced the district attorney seemed to have much ground yet to cover. The elder Mrs. Thaw may not be reached before Thursday morning.

The session was made notable by a clash between Jerome and Justice Fitzgerald, at the close of which the prosecuting attorney refused point blank to cite to the court the authorities upon which he was predicated an argument. Jerome, after he refused, was ordered by the judge to submit to him whatever authorities he had upon the subject.

"I have such a high respect for the courts of this jurisdiction," retorted Jerome, "that I will not submit authorities on a question of law so elementary and upon which authorities are so abundant that I must presume the learned court knows of them."

With a flushed face and a sharp rap of the gavel Justice Fitzgerald said that if the district attorney did not

submit authorities the court would assume that he did not know any. Jerome did not submit any authorities and Fitzgerald ruled in favor of the defense on the point, which was the question as to whether the state on cross-examination should be allowed to go further with an expert witness than counsel for the defense was allowed to go on direct examination.

Jerome was as defiant in tone as in the words uttered, and it was plainly with much effort that the court retained his judicial composure.

Delmas was proceeding at some length to state the position of the defense when Jerome interrupted with a remark to the effect that the argument did not call for "a stump speech." Mr. Delmas protested against this "offensive" language by the district attorney. Justice Fitzgerald interposed in the discussion.

During the argument the district attorney placed himself on record by saying that the legal assumption before the court today is that Thaw is insane. Justice Fitzgerald declared that the present jury only has to do with the question of Thaw's sanity or insanity on the night he killed White.

FORMER BOSS IS REVOLUTIONISTS NOW SKULKING FUGITIVE

CELEBRATE IN RUSSIA

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Chief Engineer Stevens is trying to make a record before he turns the Panama Canal work over to his successor. United States, as is shown by a telegram from him received by Secretary Taft, which says:

Both in the senate and house, about one-fourth more than in the Fifty-Eighth congress. There were 26,554 votes with and of those 5,500 were in favor. Among the more vigorous of action this session several are given.

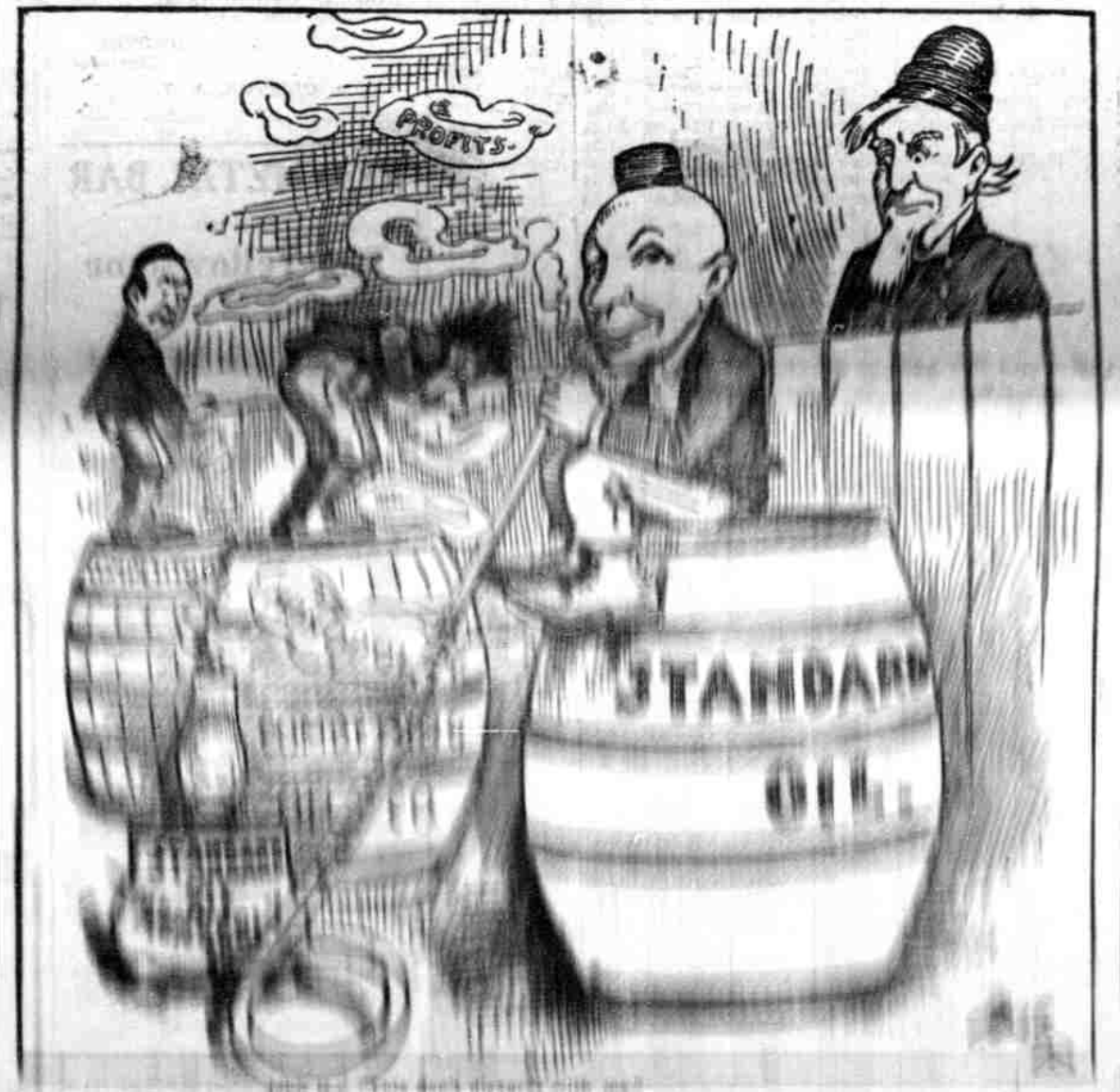
LEGISLATION

WASHINGTON, March 5.—House and Senate have passed bills to amend the laws relating to the Panama Canal.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The House and Senate have passed bills to amend the laws relating to the Panama Canal.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The House and Senate have passed bills to amend the laws relating to the Panama Canal.

THE STANDARD'S PIPE LINE SYSTEM.



STATE WILL TAKE HAND ALTON MATTER

UPPER HOUSE IS
CONSIDERING
MINI TAX

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The House and Senate have passed bills to amend the laws relating to the Panama Canal.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The House and Senate have passed bills to amend the laws relating to the Panama Canal.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The House and Senate have passed bills to amend the laws relating to the Panama Canal.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The House and Senate have passed bills to amend the laws relating to the Panama Canal.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The House and Senate have passed bills to amend the laws relating to the Panama Canal.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The House and Senate have passed bills to amend the laws relating to the Panama Canal.